CHARLESTON, SATURDAY MORNING, APRIL 2, 1870.

### WASHINGTON.

[FROM THE ASSOCIATED PRESS.]

WASHINGTON, April 1. General Order 35, Fifth Military District, makes Texas a separate military department, Headquarters at Austin, Reynolds commanding. The Department of Louisiana ceases, and Louisi ana is added to the Department of Texas, and Arkansas to Missouri. The new Department of Texas will be part of the Military Division of the South. Troops now in Arkansas will be relieved, and report to Reynolds, commanding Texas.

General Young, of Georgia, was on the floor of the Senate yesterday and to-day, urging the passage of the Georgia bill as it came from the House. Young apprehended that the seating of Ames, with the votes of the Texas senators, will

defeat Bingham's amenament. Revenue seven hundred and eighty-eight thous

Governor Reed, of Florida, is here. The President has given Butler, as President of the Asylum for disabled soldiers, two West Point and one Annapolis appointments. Evarts argued against McCallahan before the

House Judiciary Committee to-day. The Ways and Means Committee have placed

seed cane on the free list. Benj. Perley Poore is prominent as successor of

Gorham for secretary of the Senate. The revenue yacht just built in New York, has been ordered to report to Collector Robb for duty

on the Savannah River. In the case of Boachinot, in the Cherokee Nation, charged with violation of the Internal revenue laws, the House Judiciary Committee reversed the decision of Commissioner Delano, and declare that his action cannot fall to lead to much

prise, and much discontent among the Cherokee In the Supreme Court Chief Justice Chase announced that the court decided to reopen the decision on the legal-tender question, and would hear arguments again on the second Monday of

embarrassment to legitimate business and enter-

The debt statement shows a decrease of five and three quarter millions. Coin in the Treasury one hundred and five and a half millions; currency seven and a half millions.

April, the 11th instant.

The President in responding to a negro club serenade, said: "I can assure those present, that no consummation since the close of the war affords me so much pleasure as the ratification of the Fifteenth amendment to the constitution by three-fourths of the States of the Union. I have felt the greatest anxiety ever since I was called to this house, to know that this was to be secured. It looked like the realization of the Declaration of Independence. I cannot say much on this subject as I would like, as I am not accustomed to public speaking, but I thank you for your pre sence this evening." Samner also addressed the meeting.

Fuller's statement regarding the Legal-tender question was argued in the Supreme Court today. The Chief Justice announced the order that, on consideration of the Attorney-General of the argument thereon, the cases of Lattimer against the United States and the Legal-tender cases would be set down for hearing on all the questions presented in the records on the second Monday in April of the present term. From this order of the Chief Justice Mr. Justice Clifford and Mr. Justice Fields dissented.

SENATE. O. B. Hart contests Gilbert's seat as senator from Florida. The papers were referred to the sned, which was followed by the withdrawal of Judiciary Committee. The resolution of the California Legislature, in

favor of the abolition of the income tax, was pre-The case of Ames was resumed, and he wa seated by a vote of forty to twelve.

Morton gave notice that he would call up the resolution regarding the Oneida tragedy on Mon-

Morton introduced a bill .or enforcing the Fifteenth amendment and prescribing penalties. The first section reads: "That if any person shall prevent, hinder, control or intimidate, or shall attempt to prevent, hinder, control or intimidate any person from exercising the right of suffrage, to whom the right of suffrage is secured or guaranteed by the Pifteenth amendment to the Constitution of the United States, by means of bribery, threats, or threats of depriving such person of employment or occupation, or of ejecting such person from a rented house, lands, or other property, or by threats of refusing to renew leases, or contracts for labor, or by threats of violence to himself or family, such person to offending shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof, shall be imprisoned for not less than sixty days, nor more than six months, and flued in any sum not less than five bundred dollars, nor more than one thousand dollars." The third section gives the United States jurisdiction over such cases. The Senate adjourned to Monday.

HOUSE. The morning hour was devoted to private bills. The tariff was resumed and the debate will be

The bill authorizing the return of Thomas Jefferson's papers to his executors was passed and goes to the President. The bill authorizing a bridge between Philadel-

phia and Camden was passed and goes to the

THE FIFTEENTH AMENDMENT.

MESSAGE OF THE PRESIDENT IN FULL.

Proclamation of the Secretary of State

ALL POLITICAL DISTINCTIONS ON ACCOUNT

OF COLOR ABOLISHED.

The following is the message sent by President Grant to Congress on Thursday, accompanying the proclamation of the Secretary of State, publishing the ratification of the Fifteenth amendment to the constitution by twenty-nine States:

Message of the President.

To the Senate and House of Representatives : It is unusual to notify the two houses of Congress, by message, of the promulgation by proclamation of the Secretary of State of the ratification of a constitutional amendment. In view, however, of the vast importance of the Fifteenth amendment of the constitution, this day declared a part of that revered instrument, I deem a departure from the usual custom justifiable. A measure which makes at once four millions of people voters, who were heretofore declared by the highest tribunal in the land not citizens of the United States, nor eligible to become so, (with the United States, nor eligible to become so, (with the assertion that "at the time of the Declaration of Independence the coinfan was the Declaration

the United States, nor eligible to become so, (with the assertion that "at the time of the Declaration of Independence the opinion was fixed and universal in the civilized portion of the white race, regarded as an axiom in morals as well as in politics, that black men had no rights which white men were bound to respect," is indeed a measure of grander importance than any other 'ne act of the kind, from the foundation of our free governments to the present time.

Institutions like ours, in which all power is derived directly from the people, must depend mainly upon their intelligence, patriotism and industry. I call the attention, therefore, of the newly enfranchised race to the importance of their striving, in every honorable manner, to make themselves worthy of their new privilege. To the race more favored heretofore by our laws I would say, withhold no legal privilege of advancement to the new citizen. The framers of our constitution firmly believed that a republican form of government could not endure without intelligence and education generally diffused among the people. The "Father of his Country," in his Farewell Address, uses this language:

"Promote, then, as a matter of primary importance, institutions for the geieral diffusion of knowledge. In proportion as the structure of government gives force to public opinion, it is essential that publicopinion should be enlightened."

In his first annual message to Congress, the same views were forcibly presented, and are again urged in his eighth message.

I repeat, that the adoption of the Fifteenth amendment to the constitution completes the greagest civil change, and constitutes the most important event that has occurred since the nation came into life. The change will be beneficial in proportion to the heed that is given to the

last annual celebration yesterday, under the old order. Henceforth Jefferson City will be the sixth district of New Orleans. issued an injunction preventing Council from interdicted the sale of water works.

Music have refused to grant a lease of the hall for a lecture by Revels, the colored senator from The registration of negroes common ed yesterday in Maryland.

urgent recommendations of Washington. If these recommendations were important then, with a population of but a few millions, how much more important now, with a population of forty millions, and increasing in a rapid ratio.

all the means within their constitutional powers to promote an i encourage popular education throughout the country, and upon the people everywhere to see to it that all who possess and exercise political rights shall have the opportunity to acquire the knowledge which will make their share in the government a blessing, and not a danger. By such means only can the benefits contemplated by this amendment to the constitution be secured.

Executive Mansion, March 30, 1870.

Proclamation.

HAMILTON FISH, SECRETARY OF STATE OF THE

UNITED STATES.

To all whom these presents may come, greeting: Know ye, that the Congress of the United States, on or about the 27th day of February, in the year of 1869, passed a resolution in the words, to-

of 1869, passed a resolution in the words, towit:
"A RESOLUTION proposing an amendment to
the Constitution of the United States.
"Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in
Congress assembled, (two-thirds of both houses
concarring,) That the following article be proposed to the Legislatures of the several States as
an amendment to the Constitution of the United
States, which, when ratified by three fourths
of said Legislatures, shall be valid as a part of the
Constitution, namely:

Constitution, namely:
"ARTICLE XV.—Section 1. The right of citizens

of the United States to vote shall not be denied of

abridged by the United States or by any State on account of race, color, or previous condition of

"SECTION 2. The Congress shall have power to

enforce this article by appropriate legislation."
And further, that it appears from official documents on file in this department that the amendment to the Constitution of the United States

proposed as aforesaid, has been ratified by the egislatures of the States of North Carolina, West

Zirginia, Massachusetts, Wisconsin, Maine Jouisiana, Michigan, South Carolina. Pennsyl

Louistana, Michigan, South Caronna, Fennsylvania, Arkansas, Connecticut, Florida, Illinois, Indiana, New York, New Hampshire, Nevada, Vermont, Virginia, Alabama, Missouri, Mississippl, Ohio, Iowa, Kausas, Minnes-ita, Rhode Is land, Kebraska and Texas, in all twenty-nine

And further, that the States whose Legislatures

have so ratified the said proposed amendmen constitute three-fourths of the whole number o States in the United States.

And farther, that it appears from the officia

document on file in this department that the Le gislature of the State of New York has since pass

ed resolutions claiming to withdraw the said rati-fication of the said amendment which had been

made by the Legislature of that State, and of which official notice had been filed in this depart-

And further, that it appears from an officia

document on file in this department that the Legislature of Georgia has, by resolution, ratified the said proposed amendment.

Now, therefore, be it known, that I, Hamilton Fish, Secretary of State of the United States, by virtue and in pursuance of the second section of the act of Congress, approved the 20th day of April, in the year 1818, entitled "An act to provide for the publication of the laws of the United States, and for other purposes," do hereby certify that the amendment aforesaid has become valid to all intents and purposes as mart of the Con-

to all intents and purposes, as part of the Con-stitution of the United States.

In testimony whereof, I have hereunto set my and, and caused the seal of the Department of

Done at the City of Washington, this thirtietl

EUROPE.

Change in the Spanish Cabinet.

There was a sharp discussion this atternoon

between Senor Robledo, deputy from Porto Rico

and Senor M. Recerra, minister of the colonies

wherein the honor of the first named ger tleman

was called in question. An exciting scene en-

Pecerra from the Cabinet. The resignation of Re-

cerra having been accepted, Moret, recently

connected with the navy department, has been

Disaffection in Ireland.

The discontent in Ireland seems increasing

The evening papers publish a long list of out

rages. A Protestant church at Patterent, Cork

County, was nearly destroyed. The movement

of emigrants to the United States is largely in-

Paris News and Gosslp.

Bonaparte has gone to America. His family go

hear Fardien. There was much disorder, but the

Charles Hugo, the editor of the Rappel, has been

sentenced to six months' imprisonment and 3000

francs fine. The managing editor of the Rappel

has been sentenced to three months' imprison-

ment and 2000 fraucs fine, for violation of the

The Pope and the Armenians.

It is said that the Panal Court refuses All

THE RICHMOND MUDDLE.

This evening the difficulty of the Mayoralty was

taken into the State Courts by Ellyson, and Judge

Welford of the Circuit Court granted a mandamus

and issued an injunction restraining Chahoon

from exercising the duties of Mayor. The city is

quiet, Ellyson and Chahoon each acting as Mayor.

Chahoon demands possession of the City Hall,

and Ellyson refuses it. The Federal troops stand

MOB LAW IN LOUISIANA.

J. H. Wisner, sheriff of Quachita Parish,

was murdered here last night by a party of fifteen

or twenty armed men, who came for the purpose

of releasing Beaver, who was in custody for mur-

der. The mob also killed Offut Johnson, colored, who was witness against Beaver. After releas-

ing Beaver, the mob barred the jail to prevent

the escape of other prisoners and retired. John

Wimberly was killed yesterday in a difficulty

A SHOOTING SCRAPE.

A constable, attempting to serve a writ on a colored man, was struck on the head with a brick.

The colored man, armed with a knife, attempted

to escape. The constable fired, killing a bystand-

er, and, escaping from an infuriated crowd, took

refuge in the jail, where he awaits the result of

SPARKS FROM THE WIRES.

Lynch Ring, the leader of the riot on the

steamer Dubuque last fall, was arrested in Arkan-

sas, and brought to Cincinnati yesterday. He

The Western rivers are rising rapidly from con-

A special from Tascaloosa to the Selma Times

reports Ryland Randolph and a man named

Smith exchanged several shots in the hotel of

that town, wounding each other and killing a

bystander. It appears Randolph acted on the

The Metarie spring races commences to-day.

The Jefferson City fire department had their

The Eighth District Court of New Orleans has

selling city stock. The Jackson Railroad has also

The directors of the Philadelphia Academy e-

will be taken to Little Rock for trial.

PHILADELPHIA, April 1.

with D. Dinkgrave.

the coroner's inquest.

tinued rain.

Pasha's overtures in favor of the Armenians.

appointed minister of the colonies.

creased.

to Switzerland.

police did not interfere.

HAMILTON FISH.

MADRID, April 1.

LONDON, April 1.

PARIS, April 1.

ROME, April 1.

RICHMOND, April 1.

ninety-fourth.

Important Proclamation of the Captain-General to the Insurgents. I would, therefore, call upon Congress to take all the means within their constitutional powers to promote and encourage popular education

THE WAR IN CUBA.

HAVANA, March 29. Captain-General DeRodas, on his arrival at Puerto Principe, issued a proclamation, in the ouse of which he addressed the insurgents as follows:

"I know most of you have been drawn into re bellion by force or fraud. Who are your chiefs Where is your promised liberty? You were told that Spain could not spare soldiers for Cuba, and that those soldiers thirsted for blood who now divide their daily rations with the women and children you have left behind. Such falsehoods can only be temporarily effective.

"The Eastern Department and the Cinco Villas District are returning to peace; and while terror deprives you of your repose, the Western Department enjoys security and tranquillity, and the public welfare, credit and true liberality inreases. The troops no longer needed in those districts will come to the mountains of the Central Department, and a war, of which up to the present time you have had no idea, will begin. "I call on none of you for help, for I need none.

The elemency of my predecessor was interpreted as weakness, and I do not incline to imitate them. But at the same time, although you are rebels to-day, I do not seek your lives, and advise you to submit in time to save yourselves; for as soon as operations have commenced in this Eastern Department they will be prosecuted with energy, let the end be what it may.

"All those who surrender their arms to any legitimate authority will be well received and their lives are hereby guaranteed. But from the benefits of this offer your principal leaders and the officers of the so-called Cuban Government are excluded." One of the first acts of the Captain-General was

to pardon a man sentenced to death.

THE PLANTING INTEREST. Condition and Prospects of the Crops.

The Rural Carolinian for April makes the following abstract of the reports furnished by its agricultural correspondent in this section of the South:

1. That the season throughout the South has been backward, and in many parts of the country very wet.

2. Wheat, rye, oats, &c., are generally reported as looking well, but our returns on this point are too meagre to be of much value. ACREAGE PLANTED.

3. The area planted and in preparation for planting is about the same as last year, on an average, in corn and cotton, so far as can be judged from present returns, but more in the day of March, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy, and of the independence of the United States the small grains.

PREPARATION OF THE SOIL. 4. Here there is undoubted cause to congratu-4. Here there is undoubted cause to congratu-late the country, and draw hope and encourage, ment for Southern agriculture. Our correspon-dents almost universally report a more thorough preparation of the soil for the coming crop than for any previous one, though somewhat back-ward on account of unfavorable weather. Deep ploughing and sub-soiling are decidedly on the uncesse as is the use of improved involvements. increase, as is the use of improved implements. CONCENTRATED FERTILIZERS.

5. The use of commercial manures is reported almost universally as increased largely over last year, especially in South Carolina and Georgia. LABOR.

6. In regard to the proportion of freedmen der contract, or actually employed, as compared with last year, our reports do not enable us to judge; but there is probably decrease in numbers, with a somewhat increasing efficiency. Immigrant labor is increasing slowly.

# MATTERS IN GEORGIA.

The colored people of Forsyth are luxuriating in the possession of a billiard table.

The Sacannah fishermen have this season shipped 75,000 white shad, most of them to the North. A negro girl was burned to death at Darien on Monday night. The mother had gone to school and locked it up in the kitchen. The Mayor of Fort Gaines does things on a new

principle. He wanted to adjourn a session of the Council the other day, and he just knocked a couple of Aldermen and the clerk under the table. The others adjourned before he got round. Two Germans had a race in Columbus Monday for \$10. Kegs of larer were placed at convenient d stances to make the head light, and thus the racers would have less to carry. Each bore, as his colors, at his mart can.

is colors, a tin quart cup.

The Catholic congregation of Columbus have determined to build a larger and more beautiful church edifice than the one they now have. They will soon have the requisite funds for that pur-

The Constitution announces the arrest, on

The Constitution announces the arrest, on Tucsday, by Terry's soldiers, of Mr. John Stephens, a worthy citizen and upright merchant of Atlanta, charged with no crime, but simply to extort from him supposed knowledge of an offence committed by other parties.

The Augusta papers announce the death fof another old and esteemed citizen, Benjamin Holmes Warren, in the seventy-fourth year of his age, the head of the National Bank of Augusta. The deceased was long and completely indentified as a merchant with the history of that city. A native of Mecklenburg County, North Carolina he removed to Georgia at the early age of sixteen.

The Augusta Constitutionalist of yesterday says: "On Weinesday night about 9 o'clock, two white men, Fiank and Samuel New, and two bright mulattoes, Governor and Weston New, lialling from Abbeville, S. C., of the same pateryal source, went on a shoplifting excursion in nal source, went on a shoulifting excursion in the city. They succeeded in gathering a hoe and an axe in the hardware line, the latter implement an axe in the hardware line, the latter implement supposed to have been captured at the store of Messrs, O'Dowd & Mulherin. Their next movement was upon the boot and shoe establishment of Mr. E. R. Rowley, where they obtained a courle of pair of shoes. In this their they were detected, and attempted to escape the consequences by running. They were, however, overhauled by the policy and furnished quarters are the consequences. overhauled by the policy and furnished quarters in the gulardhouse for the night. Yesterday morning they were arraigned for trial before Justice Elis. After investigation, one of the white men, Sanuel New, was dismissed. His brother, Frank New, was fined \$100 and cost, or six months on the chain gang. The two mulattoes plead guilty, and were flued \$20 each and cost, or two months on the chain gang. The fines were paid, and the prisoners discharged from custody.

# FLORIDA ITEMS.

The "Hutchinson Family" gave a performance The "Hutchinson Family" gave a performance in Jacksonville Monday night.

Tampa reports a very general frost, and destruction of plants and early vegetables.

A called meeting of the Agricultural and lumigration Association of Florida is appointed to be held on Wednesday, the 20th day of April, at the City of Jacksoville.

The first anniversary of the Grand Division of Sons of Temperance, in Florida, was e-lebrated on the 26th ult., at Jacksonville, with considerable eclat. An excursion and dancing made the affair a pleasant one.

THE WOMAN MOVEMENT.

Manifesto Extraordinary.

To the American People, Greeting : I am commissioned to procure the name and address of every person in the United States who takes a friendly interest in Woman's Enfranchisement. In order to compile this roll of honor, hereby request every such person, immediatel on reading this announcement, without waiting long enough to forget or neglect it, to take pen and ink, write the name and address legibly, and forward the same to me by mall, postage paida trifling cost which you will not begrudge to a good cause. Anybody sending in one envelope all the names in a family, a village, or association, will render a helpful service. Three thousand American newspapers will oblige a brother editor by generously printing this card in their columns. The purpose of this registration is to know to whom to send important documents. Friends of the cause are urged to respond so simultaneously that their letters shall fy little like a snow storm. Sign at once. And the day will come when your children and children's children will be proud of the record.

Fraterually, Theodors Tilton.
Editor of the Independent, Box 2787, New York City. and ink, write the name and address legibly, and

President O'Neil, of the Fenian Brotherhood in New York, has deposed Richard McCloud, secretary and treasurer of the organization, and expelled him from the order. McCloud. and expelled him from the order. McCloud, who is also a senator, will, it is stated, attempt THE CITIZENS' PARTY.

A HEARTY GOD-SPEED FROM A SIS-TER STATE.

The South Carolina Press. A correspondent writing from Eutaw, Ala., on the 18th ultimo, says:

on the 18th ultimo, says:

The initiatory movement of the anti-Radical press of South Carolina is but, we hope, the precursor of a general convention of those favoring the "Citizens' Party." The crisis now is preeminently critical. It calls for the united energies of every man in the State—indeed, throughout the entire South, who regards the protection of "life, liberty and property" essential conditions to the "general Welfare of the people."

Apathy and supleness, on the part of the ultra-Democrats in the last campaign, and the alarming evidences of a policy almost as fatal as it was injudicious, so abundant and significant, call upon every man true to the interests of his State and government to discountenance and contemn inaction and listlessness as ruinous and suicidal. Further persistence in a policy already prolific of the direst results, must entail endless and fatal course can not but follow in the wake of that nation and people who suffer the exercise of their legislative, executive and judicial functions to the venal arbitrament of an abject and ignorant representation.

Boubless many ask: What shall be done to re-

representation.

Doubtless many ask: What shall be done to redress grievances, malfcasance and the like—retrench iniquitous and senseless legislation, and re-establish the public weal on a permanent and secontable hasis.

re-establish the public weat on a permanent and acceptable basis?

Enervated by a prostration inseparable from the material and intellectual condition of a vanquished and subjugated people, they pander to the cloquent and immortal shibboleth of the famed son of Auchiess: "Una salas viotio, multom sperare solutum." And, not unlike Aurea, they must divest themselves of a fallacy no less sophistical than fanciful. With the valiant Trojan they must know the future, and, through the immenetrable vista, descry a sunny Italy—a kindiy penetrable vista, descry a sunny Italy—a kindly Laticius—a nucleus for new operations and more

Laticius—a nucleus for new operations and more rational institutions.

By common consent, the panacea for our ills is in the formation of a new party, with a resultant policy—the conjoint effect of the Democratic and moderate-Republican elements.

That organization now gaining strength and increasing in favor in Alabama, with the advocacy of the best men to recommend it, may be regarded as the ultima thile of all attempts made to retrieve our political disasters.

From pretry correct data, we may entertain few misgivings as to the result in Alabama. She will doubtless make a determined and united effort in the ventilation and disinfection of the odious and injuitous corruption that tends to

dious and iniquitous corruption that tends to bankrupt the State.

An awakening sense of Conservative Republicans to the venal instincts of the great mass of their co-laborers, has drived some of them to open exposure and renunciation of the administration.

Now, let the anti-Radical press raily the State to unite with one serried, solid phalanx, under the banner of the "Chizens' Party," and say to them, "Behind the cloud the sun is still shining."

The New Coalition.

[From the Spartanburg Spartan.]

In this State there is now no political question lividing the two parties walch ought to constitute a sufficient barrier to a common condition of the honest and particle of all parties, natio: allties and colors against political hishowesty, selfishness and corruption. The recent amendments to the constitution of the United States settle the questions of main importance between the two great parties of the country. These amendments are now the organic law of the land. The questions they decide are dead issues. It is idle to quarrel over them any longer. Wheth-er they are wise or unwise must be a matter of

er they are w.se or unwise must be a matter of experiment, and ought not to be the subject of an idle quarrel between good men. The press resolutions indicate the acceptance of the constitutional amendments by the Democratic party of this State. We believe they are accepted in all honesty and good faith. The right of every citizen to vote and hold office is acknowledged. This being conceded, let every man, white and black, adopt the spirit of these excellent resolutions, and determine that in the exercise of the prerogative of suffrage, he will allow no motive to induce his action lower than an honest desire to promote the best interests of his country. No more let the inquiry of the candidate be, try. No more let the inquiry of the candidate be, is he Republican or is he Democrat? Is he from this section or that? But let it be inquired of him rather, is he honest? Is he faithfui? Is he competent? Then may we expect to see the return of these prosperons and sappy days of the republic, when intelligence and virtue sat enthroned upon the high and the low places of the nation, and "to be an American was greater than

nation, and "to be an American was greater than a King."
The four short, simple resolutions recently adopted by the Press Convention in Columbia, indicate the source of and the remedy for all our political ills, both State and national. They conpontical his, both state and national. They constitute a platform upon which every honest man in the nation, be he Democrat or Republican, can stand. They announce the only theory upon which a hope of the ultimate success of a Republican form of government can be rationally based.

#### Let Chester be Represented. (From the Chester Reporter.)

We do not wish to be understood as being opposed to Chester being represented in the convention to be held on the 15th of June. We hope that every county in the State may be represented there by a full delegation of practical men, and that a full and free conference, regarding the wisest policy to be pursued, may then be had. The deliberations of such a body would command our most earnest attention, and we can scarcely anticipate any line of policy upon which it might conclude, that would not receive our hearty support. We do not wish to be understood as being on

### Shall we Refuse! [From the Camden Journal.]

Shall we refuse to unite? Does distrust still prevail to keep us sunder? It cannot be. Every intelligent man knows who have the power of controlling the ballot-box, and consequently of the State. And no man would advocate any trial of strength upon the same issues that were bethe state. And no man wound arrocate any train of strength upon the same issues that were before us two years ago, for the purpose of suffering defeat a second time. Therefore, we ask the whole people of the State to unite in restoring to its proper channel our State. It is ours, and we, the native born people, should control it. Have we not men, native to the soil, competent to take charge of the government and administer its functions properly X are strangers and foreign. functions properly? Are strangers and foreign ers the only living men who are capable of gov

reside only while their who are capable of governing our people?

These are the questions which it behooves every man, no matter what his race may be, to answer. We desire all to ponder these grave questions, and conscientiously determine them according to the best lights before them.

THE GOOD CAUSE.

Camden Enters the Lists.

Camden is making a vigorous effort to secure good municipal government, and has nominated a CITIZENS' PARTY Ticket.

The Camden Journal reports that at the mass meeting, that gallant soldler and courteous gen-tleman, General J. B. Kershaw, submitted the fol-lowing resolutions, which were unanimously

adopted:
1. Resolved, That it is the opinion of this meet ng that national or State polities should not be permitted to enter into the town elections. That honesty, capacity and community of interests should be the true tests of eligibility to office in the manifestion.

the municipality.

2. Resolved, That we cordially invite all the citizens of the town to unite with us in promoting the peace, order and prosperity of this community and the happiness of all our people, by securing to the town a just and good government, totally ignoring therein all political different, totally ignoring therein all political different. 3. Resolved, That a committee to consist of ten

members be appointed from the citizens present to report to the meeting, for consideration, a suitable ticket for intendant and wardens of the Un let the third resolution, the following gentlem in were appointed the committee on nominations: J. B. Kershaw, J. A. Young, Henry Pate, A. M. Kennely, C. S. Douglas, Manny Pages,

A. M. Kenne ty, G. S. Douglas, Manus Baum, G. Alden, J. W. Rodgers, Henry Cardoza, William Adamson.

The committee nominated the following ticket: For Intendant, W. Z. Leitner; for Wardeas, W. D. McDowell, S. R. Adazis, A. Witskowsky, J. R. Goodale.

On motion of General Kershaw, a committee from each ward was appointed whose duty it shall be to see that every voter in their respective wards shall register within the three days pre-scribed by law, and that the election is properly conducted.

A PRETTY LENIENT DIVORCE Law has been introduced in the Massachusetts Legislature, and seems, thus far, to encounter no opposition, having passed the House almost unanimously. It makes separation for five years, even by mutual agreement, a cause of divorce, if the parties were living in the State all the time; permits a divorce for desertion after three years instead of five; leaves both parties to a divorce free to marry again; and authorizes the court to carry into effect any arrangements regarding property that may have been agreed upon by divorced couples. Hitherto in that State adultery and utter desertion for five consecutive years have been deemed necessary for a divorce, and the offending party has not been allowed to marry again without the special permission of the Sapreme Court. One effect of its passage will be doubtless to restrain the rather extensive emigration of badly yoked couples from the Bay State to Indiana to get the benefit of the lenieut divorce laws of that State. A PRETTY LENIENT DIVORCE LAW has been

Married.

SMITH-FITCH.—On Tuesday, March 29, at home, by Rev. C. C. Pinckney, T. OGIER SMITH to CORNELIA WALTER, daughter of Dr. W. M. Fitch, all of this city. No cards.

GREGG-BERRYIIILL.—On the 22d of March, at the residence of the bride's father, by the Rev. J. M. Osmond, Joseph Grego, Esq., of South Carolina, to Miss Cassis W., only daughter of Charles H. Berryhill, Esq., of Iowa City, Iowa. No cards.

HAWKINS—McMORRIES.—At Hawkinsville, on the 24th of February, by the Rev. J. Hawkins, Prof. L. A. Hawkins, of Greenville, to Mrs. Lizzie McMorries, of Newberry.

### funeral Notices.

THE RELATIVES, FRIENDS AND Acquaintances of Mr. and Mrs. WILLIAM SMITH are respectfully invited to attend the Funeral of the latter, from his late residence, No. 108 Church street, at 10 o'clock, THIS (Saturday) MORNING

I. O. O. F., HOWARD LODGE. No. 3.—The Members of the above Lodge are hereby summoned to meet at Odd Fellows' Hall at 9 o'clock THIS (Saturday) MORNING, to pay the last tribute of respect to our late Brother, WILLIAM

E. L. TERREY, Recording Secretary.

PALMETTO ENCAMPMENT, No. 1, I. O. O. F .- The officers and members of this Encampment are requested to attend the Funera Services of Patriarch WILLIAM SMITH, at his late residence, No. 108 Church street, This Monning at 10 o'clock.

E. JOHN WHITE, Scribe. By order. apr2

WASHINGTON LODGE, No. 5. A. P. M.—The officers and members of the Lodge are fraternally invited to attend the Funeral of our late Brother, WILLIAM SMITH, from his residence No. 108 Church street, THIS MORNING at 10 o'clock. C. B. SIGWALD. By order of W. M. Secretary.

HOPE STEAM FIRE ENGINE COM-PANY .- You are hereby summoned to appear at o'clock, in full uniform, to pay the last tribute of respect to our late member, W. SMITH. By order of the President.

ROBERT R. COSTE, Secretary pro tem. THE RELATIVES, FRIENDS AND

equaintances of Mr. and Mrs. JOHN HELFRED are respectfully invited to attend the Funeral Services of the former, from his late residence No. 1 Laurel street, THIS AFTERNOON, at 4 o'clock without further invitation.

## Special Notices.

CONSIGNEES PER MERCHANTS' LINE Schooner LILLY will please attend to receipts of Cargo THIS DAY at Adger's North Wharf. Goods not removed before sunset will be stored at their risk and expense. No claims allowed after goods leave the wharf. WM. ROACH & CO. apr21

JATJAMES ISLAND, DILL'S BLUFF. Notice for the Perry Boats, on and after April 1, 1870, will leave Dill's Bluff for Charleston at 6, 8 10 and 12 A. M., and 2, 4, 6 and 8 P. M. Leave Charleston for Dill's Bluff at 7, 9 and 11 A. M., and 1, 3, 5 and 7 P. M. TONY STAFFORD. apr2 1\*

NOTICE .- THE STEAMER DICTA-TOR will sail from Charleston for Savannah and 1870. the Florida ports hereafter on MONDAY EVENING, at 8 o'clock, instead of TUESDAY, and will, after this week, arrive here on SATURDAY AFTER NOON, instead of SUNDAY.

apr1 6 MOTICE.-A DIVIDEND OF TEN DOLLARS (\$10) per Share on the Capital Stock of the Graniteville Manufacturing Company is hereby declared, and will be payable at the office of the President on and after MONDAY, the 11th inst. H. H. HICKMAN

President Graniteville Manufacturing Co.

GENERAL SUPERINTENDENT'S OFFICE, SOUTH CAROLINA RAILROAD, CHARLESTON, S. C., MARCH 30, 1870 .- For the information of Shippers, the following letter is H. T. PEAKE. General Superintendent.

(COPY.)

GENERAL AGENT'S OFFICE.
GREENVILLE & COLUMBIA R. R. Co.,
COLUMBIA, S. C., March 28, 1870. Mr. H. T. Peake, General Super'dt S. C. R. R.: DEAR SIR: You will please stop the receipts of

Freight for points on the Laurens Railroad, (Jala ps, Kinard's, Martin's, Clinton and Laurens, intil you are notified from this office to com mence receiving Freights again for these points Yours, very respectfully, W. ALSTON GIBBES.

mch31 General Agent.

20 CAUTION .- AUDACIOUS COUN-TERFEIT!-The reputation which for many years has attached to HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BIT-TERS, as the standard Tonic of the age, and the large demand for the article, not only in the United States but elsewhere, have provoked the cupidity of the counterfeiting tribe, and it has been ex tensively simulated and imitated by unscrupulous sharpers.

The most daring counterfeit of said article which has been attempted, has recently come to our knowledge. The engraved steel label on bottles containing the genuine bitters, with its beautiful vignette of St. George and the Dragon, its shield, containing a warning against counterfeiters, and its note of hand for "one cent" at the foot, signed by our firm name, has been copied so closely that the fraud can only be detected on a ninute inspection. The dark label is also well counterfeited, and the wording on both the imitatation and genuine are precisely the same, the difference being simply in the execution of the work; that of the imitation being somewhat coarser than the genuine. Other counterfeits are on the market, which are in all particulars the same as described above, with the exception of a slight difference in the spelling of our name.

In addition to the above, these counterfelters have gone so far in some instances as to place a strip of paper over the cork and fasten to the neck of the bottle, on which is a vignette, and otherwise printed to resemble the general appearance of our proprietary U. S. Revenue stamp, but upon inspection will disclose the absence of the figure "4," and the words "four cents," also "United States Internal Revenue," all of which, together with additional wording, appear on our genuine stamp. The public are, therefore, especially war. ed against these new counterfeits, and are advis ed to purchase HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BIT-TERS only of houses whose integrity is above suspicion. The true specific is sold in bottles exclusively-never in bulk .- Hostetter & Smith.

TO PRINTERS .- IF YOU WANT NEWS, BOOK, CAP, DEMI and MEDIUM PAPERS, Bill Heads, Statements, Cards, Card Board, Printing Material, Binding, Ruling and Cutting, go to EDWARD PERRY, No. 155 Meeting street, opposite Charleston Hotel, Charleston, S. C.

PERRY, No. 155 Meeting street, opposite Charles-ton Hotel, Charleston, S. C. dec14 6mos ton Hotel, Charleston, S. C. AWAY WITH UNCOMFORTABLE TRUSSES .- Comfort and Cure for the Ruptured. Sent postpaid on receipt of 10 cents. Address Dr. E. B. FOOTE, No. 120 Lexington avenue, New Special Notices.

apr2

DIVINE SERVICE WILL BE CON-DUCTED in the Orphans' Chapel, on SABBATH AFTERNOON, at 4 o'clock, by the Rev. L. H. SHUCK.

TRINITY CHURCH.-THE PAS TOR having returned to the city, will Preach in the Morning, at half-past 10 o'clock, and in the APTERNOON, at 4 o'clock. No Services at night. Public Prayer Meetings in the Lecture Room every Tuesday Night, at 8 o'clock.

FIRST BAPTIST CHURCH .- DI-VINE Services will be held in this Church To-MORROW MORNING, by the Rev. L. H. SHUCK, Pastor, at half-past 10 o'clock, and in the AFTER NOON, by the Rev. W. W. HICKS, D. D., at 4 o'clock.

UNITARIAN CHURCH.-DIVINE Service will be held in this Church Te-Morrow MORNING, at half-past 10 o'clock, the Rev. R. P. CUTLER officiating. All strangers are cordially invited to attend.

For this Sabbath, the Evening Service will be suspended. apr2 ZECITY TAXES .- CITY TREASURY,

MARCH 23, 1870.-Pursuant to Ordinance to Raise Supplies for the year 1870, the FIRST INSTAL-MENT of one-third of the Corporation Tax will be received at this Office from and after this date to S. THOMAS, the 10th of April. mch26 smwstus6 City Treasurer.

FOR SPECIAL NOTICE.—BOOKS FOR Subscription to the Stock of the ENTERPRISE RAILROAD COMPANY of Charleston will be pened on and after THIS DAY, the 23d instant, at the office of Mesers. WHIPPER, ELLIOTT & AL-LEN, No. 91 Broad street, where the undersigned may be found daily between the hours of 10 A. M. WM. McKINLAY, and 2 P. M. mch23 ws2mths Treasurer.

CORNS SOLVENT-A NEW DIS-COVERY .- Mark this: If you feel the least pain during or after the operation, or if you are not satisfied, you'll not pay.

Mons. BERGER will henceforth remove Corns by a NEW SOLVENT, which acts only on Corns, and has no more effect on the skin and ficsh than pure water. One must see to believe. Apply at No. 332 KING STREET, from 9 to 12 o'clock M. mch23 ws4\*

THE STATE OF SOUTH CAROLI-NA, COUNTY OF CHARLESTON-COURT OF COMMON PLEAS .- JAMES W. SPRAUGE, TRUS-THE OF MARIA A. WOODRUFF, PLAINTIFF, AGAINST JAMES S. WOODRUFF, DEFENDANT. Conv Summons .- To the Defendant JAMES S. WOODRUFF: You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint in this action, which is filed in the office of the Clerk of Common Pleas, for the said County, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint on the sul scribers at their office, No. 41 Broad street, Charleston, S. C., within twenty days after the service hereof, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiff in this action will apply to the Court for the relief demanded in the complaint. BUIST & BUIST, Plaintin's Attorneys.

Dated 17th March, 1870.

Take notice, that the Summons in this action, of which the foregoing is a copy, was flied in the office of the Clerk of the said Court of Common Pleas at Charleston, in the County of Charleston, in said State, on the seventeenth day of March, BUIST & BUIST, mch19 s6 Plaintiff's Attorneys.

FOT STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA, COUNTY OF CHARLESTON-IN THE COMMON PLEAS .- P. T. SOUTHERN VS. THE TRADES MANUFACTURING COMPANY, A BODY CORPORATE UNDER THE LAWS OF THE STATE OF NEW JERSEY .- SUMMONS FOR MONEY DE-MAND. COMPLAINT NOT SERVED .- To the Trades Manufacturing Company, a body corporate under the laws of the State of New Jersey -Defendants in this action: You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint in this action, which is filed in the Office of the County, and to serve a copy of your answer on the subscribers, at their office, No. 41 Broad street, Charleston, South Carolina, within twenty days after the service of this summons on you, exclusive of the day of service.

If you fall to answer this complaint within the time aforesaid, the plantiff will take judgment against you for the sum of one 'thousand seven hundred and thirty-four 89-100 dollars, with interest at the rate of seven per cent. per annum from the eighteenth day of January, one thou sand eighteen hundred and seventy, and costs Dated Charleston, S. C., March 18, 1870.

BUIST & BUIST, Plaintiff's Attorneys. No. 41 Broad street, Charleston, S. C.

Take notice that the Summons, of which the foregoing is a copy, and also the complaint in this action, was duly filed in the Office of the Clerk of the Court of Common Pleas for the County of Charleston, and State of South Carolina, on the sixteenth day of March, 1870.

BUIST & BUIST. Plaintiff's Attorneys. GAYETY IS TO GOOD HUMOR AS

animal perfumes to vegetable fragrance; the one overpowers weak spirits, the other recreates and revives them. Good humor seasons all the incidents and occurrences of our daily existence and is a defence against the infirmities of ill-health and other evils

of life. The humors of the body have a stated and regular course to perform, which impels and imperceptibly guides our will, exercising a secret influence over all our actions, without our being

able to know or appreciate it. To preserve then this desirable position or state to goodness, the condition of the humors of the body, the incentive to good or bad actions, have to be kept up to a healthy standard, by a remedy that will alter the character of the fluids of the body, when in a morbid state-know ye, then, that this alterative is SOLOMON'S BITTERS.

NO MORE MEDICINE.—SEVENTY thousand cures without medicine by DuBarry's delicious REVALENTA ARABICA FOOD, which cradicates dyspepsia, indigestion, acidity, nauses, vomiting, wasting, diabetes, sleeplessness, cough, asthma, consumption, debility, constipation, diarrhœa, palpitation, nervous, billous, liver and stomach complaints. It nourishes better than meat, and saves, moreover, fifty times its cost in other remedies. Cure No. 68,413-"Rong, July 21, 1868.—The health of the Holy Father is excellent, especially since he has confined himself entirely to DuBarry's Food, and his Holiness cannot prais this excellent food too highly." Sold in tins of one pound, \$1 25; 24 pounds \$18; carriage free. Also, the REVALENTA CHOCOLATE, in one pound packets, \$1 50. Copies of cures sent gratis. Address C. N. DUBARRY & CO., No. 163 William street, New York, and at all Druggists and Groapr2 11

AWAY WITH SPECTACLES.—OLD Eyes made new, easily, without doctor or medicines. Sent postpaid on receipt of 10 cents. Address Dr. E. B. FOOTE, No. 120 Lexington avenue, FOT IF YOU WANT LAW BOOKS, New York. LAW BLANKS and Legal Printing, go to EDWARD WEDLOCK-THE BASIS OF CIVIL

SOCIETY .- Essays for Young Men, on the honor and happiness of Marriage, and the evils and dangers of Celibacy, with sanitary help for the atainment of man's true position in life. Sent free in sealed envelopes. 'Address HOWARD ASSOCI ATION, Box P, Philadeiphia, Pa.

SIX DOLLARS A YEAR. Shipping.

FOR LIVERPOOL. CHARLESTON AND LIVERPOOL STEAMSHIP LINE.

The favorite new Steamship ARRAGON, Howison, Master, is now ready to
receive Freight for Liverpool, to sail 18th April.
Through Freight received for all the principal
points on the Continent of Europe, and Blist
Lasing signed at Charleston.
For Freight engagements apply to
ROBERT MURE & CO.,
mch31

Boyce's Wharf.

FOR NEW YORK.

ON SATURDAY, AT 5 O'CLOCK P. M.

金融

The Superior First-class Side-wheel Steamship CHAMPION,

R. W. Lockwood, Commander, Of the New York and Charleston Steamship Com-

pany's Line, will leave Adger's South Wharf on SATURDAY, the 2d of April, at 5 o'clock P. M. The steamers of this Line are handsomely and comfortably fitted up for passengers, and their tables are supplied with all of the delicacies

of the New York and Charleston markets. Through Bills of Lading given on Cotton to Liverpool, Boston and the New England manufacturing towns.

Insurance by this Line half per cent. AT LOCAL AND THROUGH RATES ALWAYS AS LOW AS ANY OTHER LINE. The Side-wheel Steamship CHARLESTON follows on TUESDAY, April 5, at 6 o'clock P. M.

Corner Adger's Wharf and East Bay .-BALTIMORE, PHILADELPHIA, BOSTON, AND THE CITIES OF THE NORTH-

JAMES ADGER & CO., Agents,

THROUGH BILLS OF LADING GIVEN FOR COTTON TO BREMEN.

The fine Steamship "MARYLAND,"
Johnson, Commander, will sail for Balti
more on SATURDAY, the 2d April, at 5 o'clock P. M.
The "FALCON" will follow.

Philadelphia Freights forwarded to that
city by railroad from Baltimore without additional expense for insurance, and Consignees are
allowed ample time to sample and sell their Cottons from the Railroad Depot in Philadelphia.

PAUL C. TRENHOLM, Agent,
april 2

No. 2 Union Wharves.

DACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPY'S THROUGH LINE TO

CALIFORNIA, CHINA AND JAPAN-FARES GREATLY REDUCED.

Steamers of the above line leave Pier No. 42, North River, foot of Canal street, Now York, at 12 o'clock noon, of the 8th and 12 stof every month (except when these dates falls on Sunday, then the Saturday preceding.)
Departure of the 21st connect at Panamawith steamers for South Pacific and Central American rota. Those of 8th Invite at Monroullo. can ports. Those of 5th touch at Manzanillo. Steamship CHINA leaves San Francisco for Steamship CHINA leaves San Japan and China April 1, 1870. No California steamers touch at E direct from New York to Aspinwall ch at Havana, but go

direct from New York to Asplawall.

One hundred pounds baggage free to each adult.

Medicine and attendance free.

For Passage Tickets or further information apply at the COMPANY'S TICKET OFFICE, on the wharf, foot of Canal-street, North River, Kew York.

F. R. BABY, Agent. march12

VESSELS SUPPLIED WITH CABIN AND MESS STORES ON SHORT NOTICE

Captains and Stewards are respectfully invited to call and examine the quality and prices of our GOODS. Full weight guaranteed. Delivered free of expense.

WM. S. CORWIN & CO.,

NO. 275 King street, opposite Hasel,
Charleston, 5. C.
jan24

CHARLESTON EN ROUTE TO FLORIDA

And other piaces, should lay in their supplies of Clarets, Champagnes, Cordials, Brandles, Whiskies Wines, Canned Soups and Meats, American and English Biscuits, Devilled Ham, Tongue, Lobster, Durham Smoking Tobacco and Imported Segars.

WM. S. CORWIN & CO.

TRAVELLERS PASSING THROUGH

WM. S. CORWIN & CO., No. 275 King street, opposite Hasel, Charleston, S. C. Branch of No. 900 Broadway, corner 20th street.

FOR SAVANNAH VIA BEAUFORT. (INLAND ROUTE.)

The steamer PILOT BOY, Captain C.
Carroll White, will leave Charles
ton every THURSDAY MORNING, at 8 O'clock, for RETURNING: The PILOT BOY will leave Savannah every FRIDAY AFTERNOON, at 3 o'clock, connecting with New York Steamships in Charleston on Saturday. Cabin Passage \$5; including Meals and Berth. mch24 J. D. AIKEN & CO.

FOR BEAUFORT, VIA EDISTO, ROCK-VILLE AND PACIFIC LANDING.

FREIGHT REDUCED FIFTY PER CENT. Steamer PILOT BOY, Captain C.
Caroll White, will sail from Charles
ton for above places every TUESDAY MORNING, at
8 o'clock
Returning, the PILOT BOY will leave Beaufort
early WEDNESDAY MORNING, touching at all the
ahove named Landings on her route to
Charleston.
J. D. AIKEN & CO.

TOR PALATKA, FLORIDA,

VIA SAVANNAH, FERNANDINA JACKSON-

Steamer "DICTATOR," Captain
George E. McMillan, sails every
MONDAY EVENING at 8 o'clock.
Steamer "OITY POINT," Captain Fenn Peck,
sails overy Friday Evening at 8 o'clock. Connecting with Steamer STARLIGHT for Enterprise.
Through Tickets and through Bills of Lading
for Freight given.

J. D. AIKEN & CO., Agents,
jan13 South Atlantic Wharf.

SEMI-WEEKLY LINE.

FOR FORT SUMTER. The Steamer ST. HELENA, Captain D. Sinclair, Jr., will leave as above This Day, April 2, at 12 o'clock, from Market Wharf, foot of Market street.

Fare \$1 50.

3. H. MURRAY, apr2 1.

Wils.

DRATT'S "ASTRAL" OIL Unlike many other liluminating Oils, is per-fectly pure and free from all adulterations or mixtures of any kind. It emits no offensive smell while burning, gives a soft and brilliant-light, and can be used with the same assurance light, and can be used with the same assurance of safety as gas. Chemists pronounce it the best and safest illuminating Oil ever offered to the public; and Insurance Companies endorse and urge upon consumers the use of the "Astral" Oil in preference to any other. Its now burned by thousands of families, and in no instance has any accident occurred from its use; a lamp filled with it, if upset and broken, will not explode. To prevent adulteration, the "Astral" Oil is packed only in the Guaranty Patent Cans. of 1 gallon: and 5 gallons each, and each can is scaled in a manner that cannot be counterfelted. Every package with uncut scal we warrant. Be sure and get none but the genuine article, Pratt's "As. trall" Oil, for sale by dealers everywhere, and at wholesale and retail by the proprietors OIL HOUSE OF OHARLES PRATT, No. 108 Fulton street, New York, Postoffice Box No. 3000. Send for circulars, with testimonials and price-lists. Euclose stamps for copy of the "Astral Light."

For sale by GOODRICH, WINEMAN 2. Many price and the proprietors of the "Astral Light." only in the Guaranty Patent Cans, of 1 and 5 gallens each, and each can is sealed

For sale by SOODRICH, WINEMAN & CU., Wholesale Druggists, Charleston, S. C. decis

F YOU WANT BLANK BOOKS MADE TO ORDER, and of the best material, to any EDWARD PERRY,

No. 156 Meeting street, opposite Charleston Hotel-Charlestor, S. C. decl4 6mos